Seasons of the Catholic Church

The liturgical calendar of the Roman Catholic Church is divided into six major seasons:

1. Advent (colour: Purple)

Advent is the season of quiet joy and expectation in preparation for Christmas. Advent looks forward to the two comings of Christ: his Second Coming at the end of time, and the celebration of his coming on Christmas Day more than two thousand years ago.

"The desert and the parched land will exult; the steppe will rejoice and bloom... Be strong, fear not! Here is your God, he comes with vindication."
- Isaiah 35:1-10

Advent season begins on the First Sunday of Advent (late November / early December) and concludes on December 24.

2. Christmas (colour: White)

Christmas season is the joyful celebration of the Incarnation, when the divine Son of God took on the flesh of our humanity.

"For today in the city of David a saviour has been born for you who is Christ and Lord..." - Luke 2:1-14

Christmas season begins with the Vigil Mass of Christmas Eve on December 24. It concludes with the Feast of the Baptism of the Lord, usually the Sunday after the Epiphany.

3. Lent (colour: Purple)

Lent is the season of prayer and repentance for all Christians in preparation for the celebration of the Easter mysteries. It is a time of final preparation for the RCIA Elect, those who have answered the call of the Holy Spirit to become fully initiated Catholic Christians.

"Behold, now is a very acceptable time; behold, now is the day of salvation." - 2 Corinthians 5:20-6:2

The season of Lent begins with Ash Wednesday and concludes on Holy Thursday morning.

4. Paschal Triduum (Colours according to day)

The Paschal (Easter) Triduum is the central liturgical celebration of the Roman Catholic Church. The three liturgies of Holy Thursday, Good Friday and the Easter Vigil are, in fact, ONE continuous liturgy that commemorates the passion, death and resurrection of our Lord Jesus Christ.

Holy Thursday (colour: White)

"This is my body that is for you... This cup is the new covenant in my blood... Do this in remembrance of me."

-1 Corinthians 11:23-26

Good Friday (colour: Red)

- "Behold the wood of the Cross, on which hung the salvation of the world."
- Adoration of the Cross

Easter Vigil (colour: White)

"This is the night, when Christ broke the prison-bars of death and rose victorious from the underworld."

- Exsultet: The Easter Proclamation

The Triduum begins on Holy Thursday at the Evening Mass of the Lord's Supper. It concludes on Holy Saturday night with the Easter Vigil.

5. Easter (colour: White)

Easter season is the 50-day celebration of the Resurrection of Jesus Christ.

"We know that Christ, raised from the dead, dies no more; death no longer has power over him..."

- Romans 6:3-11

The Easter season begins at the Easter Vigil and concludes on Pentecost Sunday.

6. Ordinary Time (colour: Green)

Ordinary Time celebrates the words and deeds of Jesus as he proclaims the Kingdom of God to the people of Israel and, through them, to the world.

"He went around all of Galilee, teaching in their synagogues, proclaiming the gospel of the kingdom, and curing every disease and illness among the people."

- Matthew 4:12-23

Ordinary Time is a split season. It begins at the end of the Christmas season after the Baptism of the Lord and concludes on the Tuesday before Ash Wednesday. It begins again on the Monday after Pentecost (late May or early June) and concludes with the Solemnity of Jesus Christ, King of the Universe (late November).

Liturgical Colours

Colour		Usage	Optional Usage
Green	•	Sundays and Ferias in Ordinary Time	

Violet	 Sundays and Ferias of Advent Sundays and Ferias in Lent Liturgies on Holy Saturday (except for the Easter Vigil) Sacrament of Reconciliation Sacrament of the Sick 	 All Souls' Day Requiem Masses and offices for the dead
Rose		 Gaudete Sunday (Third Sunday of Advent) Laetare Sunday (Fourth Sunday in Lent)
White	 Christmastide (from [Vigil] of Christmas to the Baptism of the Lord) Holy Thursday Easter season (from the Easter Vigil to the Vigil of Pentecost excl.) Solemnity of the Most Holy Trinity Feasts of Our Lord other than those of His Passion Marian feast days Feasts of the Angels Feasts of sonnmartyred saints or confessors Feast of St. John Feast of the Chair of Saint Peter Feast of the Conversion of Paul the Apostle The Nativity of St. John the Baptist Feast of All Saints Sacrament of Baptism Sacrament of Holy Orders 	 Requiem Masses and offices for the dead where the Conference of Bishops has permitted it. Votive Masses and other Masses where Green is normally used.
Red	 Palm Sunday Good Friday Pentecost Feasts of the Passion of the Lord Feasts of Martyrs, Apostles, and Evangelists Sacrament of Confirmation 	 Red Masses and other votive Masses of the Holy Spirit. Papal funeral (Red is the colour of mourning for popes according to an ancient Byzantine custom)
Black		All Souls' DayRequiem Masses